





# CoastNet LIFE Restoring the Baltic coastal habitat networks NAT/LIFE17FI/000544



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## Overall aims of the project

- To improve the conservation status of Natura 2000 areas through restoring their habitat network
- Implement cost effective total management of the regional core areas
- Pilot, demonstrate and transfer actions in underwater habitat planning and restoration
- Increase the awareness of Natura 2000 network and the importance of nature restoration work
- 8 partners, 2 countries, budget 8,7 M€
- 1.8.2018 31.3.2025









Network of Coastal Meadows and Primary Succession Forests



- C1 725ha semi-natural habitats
- C5 140ha sun-lit habitats



- formation in Baltic sea We are ensuring the warmth and luminosity of extreme solar radiation demanded by the species
- Critical task is saving the habitats from invasive alien species
- Coastal meadow network is characterized by low growing plant communities in the geolittoral zone



### The habitat network approach

- The traditional agricultural land use on the coastal zone has created a complex of herb-rich forests, wooded pastures, heaths and meadows, where the species can spread throughout the area and also outside the area on potential habitat patches
- e.g. Parnassius mnemosyne needs a forest species Corydalis solida in the larval phase, but nectar species and warmth of meadows in the butterfly phase of its living circle, so both habitats need to be reassured in the restoration planning

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Network of Boreal Baltic Islets

#### C2 111ha of islets and small sized open areas in the outer archipelago

C4 Restoration of forest habitats 282ha





Network of Semi-natural Grasslands and Herb-rich Forests



#### Work for species

- Parnassius apollo is a species of the outer archipelago in Finland. It's habitat patches are diminishing due to overgrowing caused by eutrophication & invasive alien species
- Margaritifera margaritifera is in danger of extinction in Estonia. Historically widespread, has only a small popuation in only one river.
- C3 Restoration of *Parnassius apollo* habitat network for 50ha, population expected to grow 3-fold
- C10 183ha river habitat restored, 7200 Freshwater pearlmussel bred







#### Volunteer work and invasive alien species

- 28 volunteer work camps with 3085 manwork days
- New volunteer work concepts are being developed: recreational volunteering days for companies, volunteer work contract jobs
- Over 300 occurrences of *Rosa rugosa* and other invasive alien species combated (17 sites,144ha)
- A comprehensive management plan for invasive alien species in Ruissalo N2000 area, Turku



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### Piloting lagoon restoration

- Täktominlahti site used to be clear, sandy bottom inlet with open beach areas
- The current state is an eutrophicated inlet with bottom suffering from anoxia, full of aquatic vegetation that blocks the water flow inside the inlet
- We are piloting lagoon restoration to improve the water flow via harvesting the aquatic plant biomass & reedbed from the shore line
- Better water flow affects the visibility of water & reduces the amount of organic matter accumulating to the bottom. Thus, sandy bottom and beach species can settle and recover

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C7 Lagoon restoration for 72ha, results reported and transferred







# Dissiminating & workshopping

- Reaching 500 000 persons with media events, info tables and nature trail
- Science trail in Seili will introduce the scientific work conducted in archipelagial areas, as well as CoastNet LIFE and former LIFE project
- Bird watching tower & exhibitions, outdoor programs for pupils in urban Natura 2000 areas, Turku & Tallinn
- Creating guidelines to city landowner environmental authorities cooperation and management planning on marine protected areas









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